

in the supernatant obtained after centrifuging said suspension at 7500 revolutions per minute for 30 minutes represents more than 50% of the weight of the silica present in the suspension, comprising the steps of:

(A) precipitating silica by reacting an acidifying agent with an alkali metal (M) silicate, by:

(i) providing an initial base stock, comprising a proportion of the total amount of the alkali metal silicate introduced into the reaction, the silicate concentration expressed as SiO_2 in said base stock being lower than 20 g/l,

(ii) adding said acidifying agent to said initial base stock until at least 5 % of the amount of M_2O present in said initial base stock is neutralized,

(iii) adding said acidifying agent to the reaction mixture simultaneously with the remaining amount of alkali metal silicate such that the ratio (amount of silica added)/(amount of silica present in the initial base stock) is between 10 and 100;

(B) separating from the reaction mixture a precipitation cake which has a solids content of between 10 and 40%; and

(C) deagglomerating the said cake to obtain a suspension of low viscosity and wherein said deagglomerating is affected under conditions that result in a silica suspension which has a stability such that the amount of silica in the supernatant obtained after centrifuging said suspension at 7500 revolutions per minute for 30 minutes represents more than 50% of the weight of the silica initially present in the suspension.

508 #5

39. (Three Times Amended) A method for the preparation of an aqueous suspension of precipitated silica, having solids content of between 10 and 40% by weight, which viscosity is lower than 4×10^{-2} Pa.s at a shear rate of 50 s^{-1} and wherein the amount of silica present in the supernatant obtained after centrifuging the said suspension at 7500 revolutions per minute for 30 minutes represents more than 50 % of the weight of the silica present in the suspension, comprising the steps of :

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(A) precipitating silica by reacting an acidifying agent with an alkali metal (M) silicate, by:

(i) providing an initial base stock, comprising at least a proportion of the total amount of the alkali metal silicate to be introduced into the reaction, and an electrolyte, the silicate concentration, expressed as SiO_2 in the said initial base stock being lower than 100 g/l and the electrolyte concentration in the said initial base stock being lower than 17 g/l;

(ii) adding the acidifying agent to said base stock until a pH value of the reaction mixture of at least approximately 7 is obtained;

(iii) when only a proportion of the silicate is provided by the initial base stock, adding simultaneously the acidifying and the remaining amount of the silicate to the reaction mixture;

(B) separating from the reaction mixture a precipitation cake which has a solids content of between 10 and 40%; and